Enquiry Organiser Autumn 1, Cycle 2 Year One 2025



| Art and Design (painting) | | | Computing (Digital Literacy, Understanding Technology (Seesaw) & Online safety (Project Evolve - Self-image & identity, online relationships) | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Knowledge I know Vincent Van Gogh was a Dutch artist who is not alive now. Some of his famous paintings, e.g. his Portrait, Sunflowers and Starry night. He was born in 1853 (during Victorian times). He painted portraits and landscapes. He used water colours and oil paints. He used bright colours. Primary colours are red, yellow and blue Secondary colours are made by missing primary colours. Tinting make a paint lighter Shading makes a colour | Skills I can Mix primary colours to mix secondary colours Explore tinting by adding white paint Explore shading to adding black paint Use water colour paints to give a transparent colour Add white to explore colour tinting Add black to explore colour shading Talk about how Van Gogh's paintings (portrait and sunflowers) have similarities and differences Compare my work to that of Van Gogh Explore colour, pattern and line Clean my brush between changing colours and dry on | Links back to I remember Van Gogh painted his portrait (Year R) Using different tools to paint (Year R) Changing colours by mixing paints (Year R) Picasso was a Spanish artist Picasso began with realistic drawings Pencils can make different marks (hatch and scribble). Using pencils, crayons and pastels. Using line drawings to create a picture of my family (Year R) | Knowledge I know How to use the ipads sensibly and safely I have signed and agreed the Acceptable Use policy That is important to stay safe when using the internet, computers and iPads What the icons mean on Seesaw (Green+ - add learning to journal, Lightbulb – find new learning, set by teacher, Book – my journal) To add my best work to my journal. A photograph is a picture made using a camera. | Skills I can Search safely online using kiddle Talk about scary things I see online Get help from an adult if something online is worrying me Log in to Seesaw using my class QR code, username and password Respond to a task set on Seesaw using the camera and voice tool Add learning to my journal Take a photo using Seesaw or the Camera App Upload photos, I have taken offline on the Camera app, to Seesaw Retrieve my work by looking in my journal Recognise that there may be people online who could make someone feel sad, embarrassed or upset. Give examples of when they should ask permission to do something online and can explain | Links back to I remember My teachers using kiddle to search online to to research information Using ipads and the internet. |
| darker Vocabulary: Landscape: a painting showing scenery, like the countryside Portrait: a painting of a person Watercolour: a type of paint will water to give transparent colour Shading: making a colour dark Tinting: making a colour lighter Primary: colours used to create and cannot be made (red, yellor Secondary: a colour created by primary colours e.g. orange and | hich is used with rer by adding black rep adding white eall other colours w, blue). | | Vocabulary: Acceptable Use Policy (AUP): a set how the iPads and internet should be keep us safe. Internet: a global computer network information and communication Kiddle: an online search engine for Online: when the computer is conneinternet Photograph: is a picture made usin printed or stored digitally Plagiarise: copy someone's work as QR code: a machine-readable code an array of black and white squares used for storing information for read camera on an iPad or smartphone Seesaw App: a digital learning journ | e used, to that gives children ected to the g a camera, s your own c consisting of typically ing by the | Kick and mark or ye to be |

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| Geography (local community) | | | Science (plants) | | |
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| Knowledge | Skills | Links back to | Knowledge | Skills | Links back to |
| I know | I can | I remember | I know | I can | I remember |
| A map is a diagram to show where places are located and the features of places. Human features are built by humans Physical features are naturally created. A town is a built up area. Huntingdon is a town where I live. It is in England. There is a river in our community. This is a physical feature. There are shops and houses in our community. These are human features. | Observe and describe the human and physical geography. Use vocab to talk about the key physical and human features of my local area including: river, soil, house, town. Ask and answer to simple geographical questions e.g. what is this place like? Make observations about where things are. Use locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map. E.g. near and far, left and right. Make a simple picture map (Park Life walk) Use photographs to recognise basic human and physical features | Walking around our local area with my class. There are different features in our local environment. | A plant is made up of roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. Trees and flowers are plants The names of some of the plants (inc. flowers and trees) on our school grounds Seeds grow into plants Plants change over time | Identify and name a variety of plants through observation (inc. flowers and trees). Use Seesaw to record the names of some of the plants (inc. flowers and trees) on our school grounds. Label and describe the parts of plants (inc. trees and flowers). Create a scientific drawing of a plant. Plant a seed (sunflower). Observes changes over time (sunflower seeds). Predict what might happen. Record results by using a tally chart. Draw and simply state what happened. | A plant is a living thin and includes flowers, vegetables and trees Plants need soil, wate and light to grow. Plants (flowers and trees) grow on our school grounds. |
| Vocabulary: | Images: | | Vocabulary: Images: | | |
| House: a building where people live. Human feature: something built by humans. Map: a diagram to show where places are located and features of places. Physical feature: features that are naturally created. River: a large, natural stream of water flowing into a sea, a lake or another river. Shop: a building where things are sold. Town: a built up area | | | happen Pictogram: a chart which uses pictures to | | roots flower stem |